

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: Comment of PSC Case No. 2020-00350
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:08:00 AM
Attachments: [Comment on PSC Case No. 2020-00350.pdf](#)

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

From: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Sent: Tuesday, February 9, 2021 3:10 PM
To: PSC Executive Director <PSCED@ky.gov>
Subject: FW: Comment of PSC Case No. 2020-00350

From: Cathy Hinko [REDACTED] >
Sent: Monday, February 8, 2021 12:36 PM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: Comment of PSC Case No. 2020-00350

1941 Payne Street, #1
Louisville, KY 40206
26 January 2021

Kentucky Public Service Commission
Sent by email to psc.info@ky.gov

Re: Case No 2020-00350

Dear Commissioners:

I have been a customer of LG&E, for 38 years so I have a longitudinal perspective on the costs of utilities and how they are apportioned. In the interest of full disclosure, I became a shareholder in PPLa few weeks ago.

I am very concerned about the proposed rate change, particularly in a time of national security due to the COVID crisis. You should have noticed by now that the number and percent of households unable to pay their LG&E bill has risen dramatically. A recent news story put the count at 28,000 households- which easily amounts to 50,000 people in the LG&E service area.

That means that Kentuckians who have not had this problem before are now in arrears. The problem of inability to pay for utilities is not larger- when it increases this much, it is a different and more dire problem and requires different and more aggressive problem solving.

ACTIONS BY THE PSC THAT I RECOMMEND

- Schedule virtual public hearings.
- Use a standard that expenditures should address only dire and immediate needs. The PSC should not abet the destruction of 50,000 Louisvilians, or 7 percent of our population. Instead, the PSC should respond to this emergency. The standard you should be implementing is whether the proposed activities of LG&E are of dire and immediate need.
 - If the PSC does not feel it alone has the power, you should get the Governor involved. The one thing you should NOT do is act as if it is just another rate case.
 - Do not ruin the future of Kentuckians who have exhausted savings, have huge debts, ruined credit ratings and face no easy future. When you remove massive numbers of people's hope of a future, you are condemning the state.
- Require that LG&E keep data using the geographies of the U.S Census Bureau.
- Do not continue to transfer the percentage of the cost of utilities into the mandatory and inflexible Basic Service Charge.
- Scrutinize any proposed capital expenses.
- Use a Civil Rights lens review for all proposed actions.

- Require that the state or local governments get first chance to lend the money to LG&E for any proposed work, rather than having them, or their parent corporation lend the money.

I have divided my comments into these sections:

1. AMOUNTS REQUESTED ARE ONEROUS
2. THE PROPOSED WORK NEEDS TO BE SCRUTINIZED FOR ONLY THE MOST DIRE NEEDS
3. THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION OF COSTS SAYS THAT USAGE IS IRRELEVANT AND UNDERMINES ALL ASSERTIONS THAT SAVING USAGE IS IMPORTANT
4. THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION OF COSTS HAS A DISPARATE IMPACT BY RACE, HAVING A DISABILITY, ETHNICITY, GENDER AND FAMILIAL STATUS
5. THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION UNDERMINES HOMELAND SECURITY AND LESSENS LOCAL RESILIENCE
6. THE PROPOSED WORK INCLUDES PROGRAMS THAT HAVE CLEARLY BEEN SHOWN TO BE USELESS TO PEOPLE WITH LOW INCOMES
7. THE PROPOSED WORK SHOULD BE EXAMINED TO ENSURE THAT THE FINANCIAL INCENTIVES TO LG&E TO REQUEST CAPITAL EXPENDITURES DOES NOT PLAY ANY, EVEN UNINTENTIONAL ROLE IN THE PROPOSAL
8. THE PROPOSED WORK SHOULD NOT BE FINANCED BY LOANS BY PPL, LG&E OR KU- THIS IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST – INSTEAD EXPLORE IF THE CITIES OR STATE CAN LEND THE MONEY AND REAP THE INTEREST RATE OF SUCH A SECURE PAYBACK
9. LG&E SHOULD KEEP INFORMATION BY CENSUS BLOCK AND CENSUS TRACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WAY THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AND FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES INFORMATION TO BE KEPT

AMOUNTS REQUESTED ARE ONEROUS

I used a twelve-month period—October 2019 through September 2020— to calculate how much more I would have paid to LG&E had the proposed rates been in effect. Adding the \$25.55 and \$47.45 (the two mandatory Basic Service Charge increases) which totals \$73.00 and \$50.56 and \$77.59 and the total increase for me is \$201.15 for the same usage.

There are other charges and I excluded what LG&E pays for natural gas and just passes that on without markup. This is the money that goes to LG&E, including its guaranteed profit.

Just to give you perspective: in 2013, the cost of my utilities for a year with the same usage would have been \$668.61 LESS than the costs proposed today How does this affect the most vulnerable? Since 2013 SSI went from \$710 to current \$783 per month. Yet, we wonder why people cannot pay.

THE PROPOSED WORK NEEDS TO BE SCRUTINIZED FOR ONLY THE MOST DIRE NEEDS AND LET THE PUBLIC GIVE INPUT

The standard to use in reviewing the proposal should limit all decisions to those addressing the most dire needs. If the PSC feels this is not a standard they are allowed to use, then ask the Executive Branch to issue an order. We are talking about denying utility access to 7% of our population before there is an increase in cost- how many more households will fail if costs go up? How many fewer people will be helped if each household's cost increases for the same usage? Let the public express their opinion.

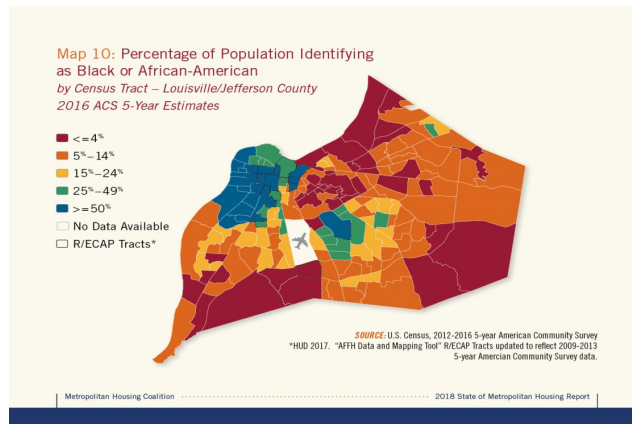
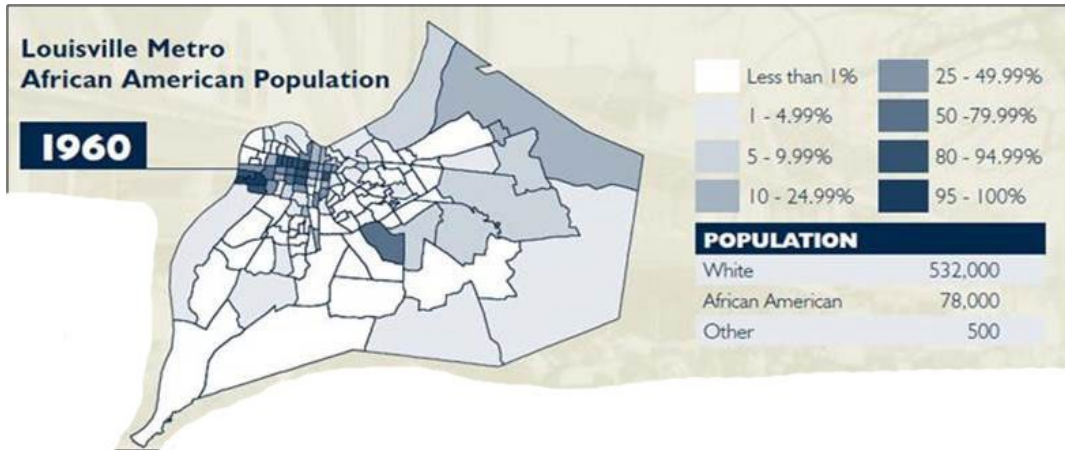
THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION OF COSTS SAYS THAT USAGE IS IRRELEVANT AND UNDERMINES ALL ASSERTIONS THAT SAVING USAGE IS IMPORTANT

It has long been the underlying principle of utility service that controlling usage is a public good. The transfer of cost from usage to mandatory Basic Service Charge creates an inflexible payment demand that cannot be controlled by the user. What percentage of cost has been transferred to the mandatory Basic Service Charge? The same usage I used in the above calculations would have resulted in my electric Basic Service Charge being 12.8% of the annual bill in 1998 and under the proposed charge 32.78% of the annual electric bill.

For gas it progresses from 42% of the total of Basic Service Charge and Gas Distribution Cost in 1998 to 46.83% of the cost under the proposed change. I do not count the Gas Supply Cost because that is a break even purchase by LG&E. I only count the amounts that LG&E gets for operating the service.

THE PROPOSED ALLOCATION OF COSTS HAS A DISPARATE IMPACT BY RACE, HAVING A DISABILITY, ETHNICITY, GENDER AND FAMILIAL STATUS

These maps will show both the density of a census tract and the racial segregation. Census tracts are population based and those that are geographically small show the density of population. This information is also available through the United States Census Bureau.



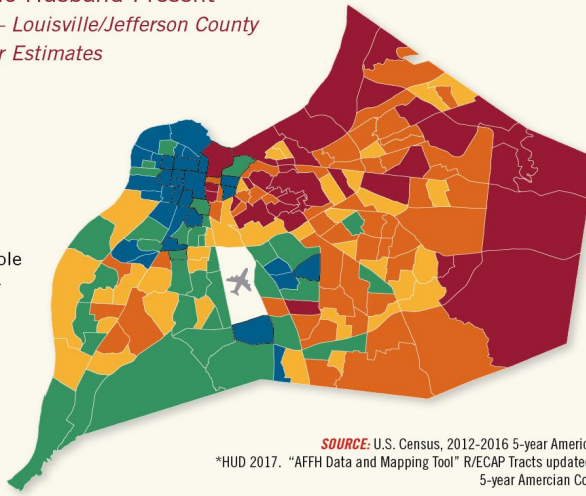
The segregation of Louisville by race is well documented. The zoning herds Black households into small geographies by allowing multi-family housing (66% of Black households rent compared to 30% of White households in Louisville) and by allowing small lot sizes that are prohibited by law in eastern Jefferson County. I am only including data from Jefferson County, but the expanse of housing tracts are equally true for the other areas covered by LG&E and those areas are also well over 90% White households.

By transferring the percent of cost of utilities into the mandatory Basic Service Charge, LG&E is disparately bleeding dense census tracts of Black households to subsidize utility service to White areas. It also has the effect of taking money from low-income households to provide service to high income households.

The same is true for female-headed households with children and for LatinX households.

Map 13: Percentage of Female-Headed Households, No Husband Present
by Census Tract – Louisville/Jefferson County
 2016 ACS 5-Year Estimates

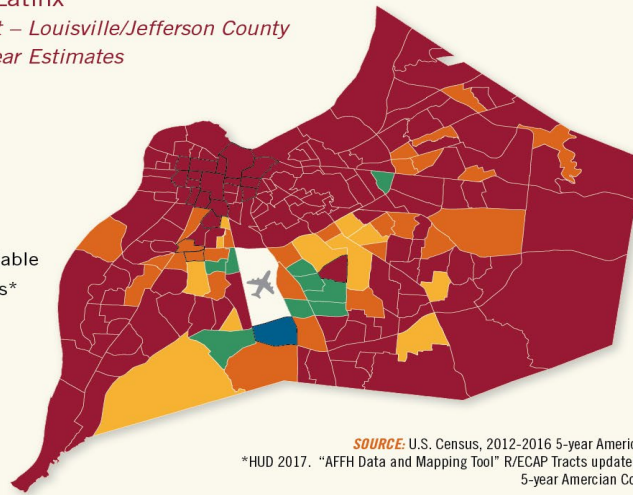
- ≤6%
- 7%–11%
- 12%–17%
- 18%–27%
- 28%–55%
- No Data Available
- R/ECAP Tracts*



SOURCE: U.S. Census, 2012-2016 5-year American Community Survey
 *HUD 2017. "AFFH Data and Mapping Tool" R/ECAP Tracts updated to reflect 2009-2013 5-year American Community Survey data.

Map 11: Percentage of Population Identifying as Hispanic/Latinx
by Census Tract – Louisville/Jefferson County
 2016 ACS 5-Year Estimates

- ≤5%
- 6%–10%
- 11%–15%
- 16%–30%
- 31%–67%
- No Data Available
- R/ECAP Tracts*

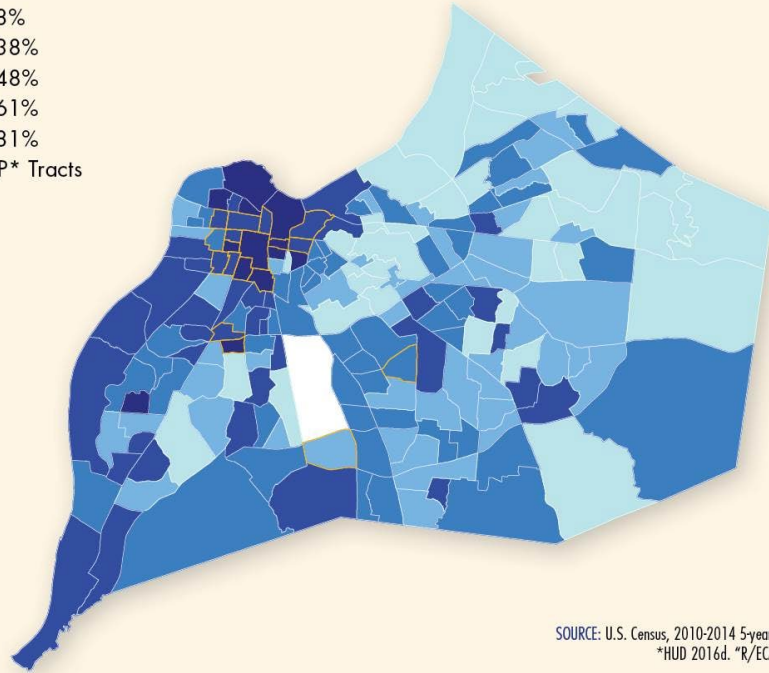


SOURCE: U.S. Census, 2012-2016 5-year American Community Survey
 *HUD 2017. "AFFH Data and Mapping Tool" R/ECAP Tracts updated to reflect 2009-2013 5-year American Community Survey data.

Further, when it comes to people over 65 years of age who have a disability, they too are bled to support service to affluent areas.

Map 3: Percentage of Population 65 years and Older with a Disability
by Census Tracts – Louisville/Jefferson County 2010-2014

- 9% – 28%
- 29% – 38%
- 39% – 48%
- 49% – 61%
- 62% – 81%
- R/ECAP* Tracts



SOURCE: U.S. Census, 2010-2014 5-year American Community Survey
*HUD 2016d. "R/ECAP Tract Current and Historic."

The number of meters per square mile can be calculated and you will see that this has a very ugly side that violates Civil Rights laws on discrimination.

PROPOSED ALLOCATION UNDERMINES HOMELAND SECURITY AND LESSENS LOCAL RESILIENCE AND IS AN UNDUE EXERCISE OF MONOPOLY POWER

By transferring the percentage of cost of utilities to the mandatory and inflexible Basic Service Charge instead of keeping the cost linked to usage, LG&E is lessening the incentives for individuals and small businesses to create individual solar power. The proposed decrease in pay to local producers of energy LG&E is proposing is a transparent discouragement of local small production.

There is more resilience if local individual production of energy is encouraged by financial reward.

There is less dependence on a large and vulnerable grid.

The discouragement of small individual producers is a transparent abuse of monopoly power by LG&E.

All of this undermines Homeland Security and local resilience whatever the cause of failure or attack or weather related damage to major systems.

THE PROPOSED WORK INCLUDES PROGRAMS THAT HAVE CLEARLY BEEN SHOWN TO BE USELESS TO PEOPLE WITH LOW INCOMES

For instance, although the experience of JCPS in remote learning has taught us all that there is not equal access to the internet and to affordable connectivity, there is still a proposal for the Advanced Metering. Why should poor people, disproportionately Black, disproportionately LatinX or disproportionately female-headed households with children – all of whom, it has been shown, lack easy and affordable access to the internet- pay for toys for wealthier households. And pay a premium as those toys are “capital” expenses that give LG&E an extra payment. The dollar amount itself requires extra scrutiny.

LG&E has, through its actions, taken the position that usage has become far less relevant to the cost of utilities, as the percent of the cost of utilities has been transferred from usage to the mandatory Basic Service Charge. The programs LG&E once touted as important to let people know their usage are now touted differently- a true shell game by LG&E.

THE PROPOSED WORK SHOULD BE EXAMINED TO ENSURE THAT THE FINANCIAL INCENTIVES TO LG&E TO REQUEST CAPITAL EXPENDITURES DOES HAS NOT PLAYED ANY, EVEN UNINTENTIONAL ROLE IN THE PROPOSAL

Extra scrutiny should be given to any capital expenses as LG&E has an incentive to put activities into that category as they get extra profit above and beyond the guaranteed profit. For instance, although the experience of JCPS in remote learning has taught us all that there is not equal access to the internet and to affordable connectivity, there is still a proposal for the Advanced Metering. Why should poor people, disproportionately Black, disproportionately LatinX or disproportionately female-headed households with children – all of whom, it has been shown, lack easy and affordable access to the internet- pay for toys for wealthier households. And pay a premium as those toys are “capital” expenses that give LG&E an extra payment. The dollar amount itself requires extra scrutiny.

I have a question: is the GSC is a capital cost allowing LG&E to get the extra money given to capital costs?

THE PROPOSED WORK SHOULD NOT BE FINANCED BY LOANS BY PPL, LG&E OR KU- THIS IS A CONFLICT OF INTEREST – INSTEAD EXPLORE IF THE CITIES OR STATE CAN LEND THE MONEY AND REAP THE INTEREST RATE OF SUCH A SECURE PAYBACK

While a third of PPL’s profit comes from Kentucky, the dollars are lower- there is an incentive for LG&E to ask for less than necessary activities that have a bigger payout to the company. The larger the expenditure that the PSC approves, the more PPL can lend money to LG&E and score additional profit from the interest rate.

This creates the appearance of a conflict of interest (no pun intended). Given that a loan to LG&E is such a secure investment, let the state or the cities lend the money. After all, ratepayers pay for it, so let the ratepayers, through their elected government, lend the money and get the interest.

LG&E SHOULD KEEP INFORMATION BY CENSUS BLOCK AND CENSUS TRACT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE WAY THE UNITED STATES CONSTITUTION AND FEDERAL LAW REQUIRES INFORMATION TO BE KEPT

The United States Constitution, in Article 1, Section 2, mandates a census. The Census Bureau has created data based on the census. This information has become the standard of data collection and use because it can be compared to Census Bureau data and reveal so much more. The maps I include come from the data of the U.S. Census Bureau; the information all cities use in planning comes from the U.S. Census Bureau.

The Public Service Commission should honor the United States Constitution and REQUIRE LG&E to keep data using the geographies of the U.S. Census Bureau. This should be available for use.

Thank you for considering my comments.

Yours Truly,
Cathy Hinko

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: FW: KY PSC Utility Inquiry
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:09:00 AM

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

From: PSC Consumer Web Inquiry <PSC.Consumer.Inquiry@ky.gov>
Sent: Friday, February 5, 2021 5:06 PM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: FW: KY PSC Utility Inquiry

From: KY Public Service Commission <pscfilings@ky.gov>
Sent: Friday, February 5, 2021 11:08 AM
To: PSC Consumer Web Inquiry <PSC.Consumer.Inquiry@ky.gov>
Subject: KY PSC Utility Inquiry

Below is the result of your feedback form. It was submitted by [REDACTED] on Friday, February 5, 2021 at 11:07 AM

Name: Theresa Boyd
Address: 804 Beecher Street
City: Louisville
State: KY
Zip Code: 40215
Phone number where you can be reached: [REDACTED]
Home phone:
Utility Name: LG&E

State the nature of your concern: Case # 2020-00350 I am writing to complain about the outrageous rate increase that LG&E is imposing. During this time of economic struggle for many in our community, the rate increase is severely and negatively impacting the livelihood of our citizens who are barely getting by now. It is morally and ethically wrong for an

organization to impose rate increases on a population that is already economically strapped. LG&E customers are choosing between food, medicine or paying their utility bills. Constantly and consistently raising rates (three rate hikes in four years) is wrong, and greedy. If the Commission continues to approve rate increases like this, there will be no customers for LG&E in the future. The community and its citizens will continue to decline. I adamantly oppose any and all rate increases for LG&E/KU customers. Where can I find supportive information about LG&E requests for rate increase, to include their rationale for an additional increase, and a breakdown of all revenue to be gained with the increase and thus allocated/distributed? How much money are they going to get with the rate increase, and what are they going to use that money for? All the best, Theresa Boyd, MBA
Have you contacted the utility about the problem: No

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: RE: Case Related Question # 2020-00350.
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:09:00 AM

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

From: J A [REDACTED]
Sent: Friday, February 5, 2021 4:53 PM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: Case Related Question # 2020-00350.

Please stop raising our rates. I know public utilities need to make money but spending on infrastructure, stock buybacks, and corporate bonuses should not be included in your bottom line.

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: RE: LG&E Rate Increase - Case # 2020-00350
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:08:00 AM

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

From: Theresa Boyd [REDACTED]
Sent: Friday, February 5, 2021 11:06 AM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: LG&E Rate Increase - Case # 2020-00350

Greetings,

I am writing to comment about the outrageous rate increase that LG&E is imposing.

During this time of economic struggle for many in our community, the rate increase is severely and negatively impacting the livelihood of our citizens who are barely getting by now.

It is morally and ethically wrong for an organization to impose rate increases on a population that is already economically strapped. LG&E customers are choosing between food, medicine or paying their utility bills. Constantly and consistently raising rates (three rate hikes in four years) is wrong, and greedy.

If the Commission continues to approve rate increases like this, there will be no customers for LG&E in the future. The community and its citizens will continue to decline.

I adamantly oppose any and all rate increases for LG&E/KU customers.

Where can I find supportive information about LG&E requests for rate increase, to include their rationale for an additional increase, and a breakdown of all revenue to be gained with the

increase and thus allocated/distributed? How much money are they going to get with the rate increase, and what are they going to use that money for?

All the best,

Therea Boyd, MBA
Louisville, KY 40215

--

--

'Happy are those that dream dreams and are prepared to pay the price to make them come true' - Leon J. Suenes

--

--

'Happy are those that dream dreams and are prepared to pay the price to make them come true' - Leon J. Suenes

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: RE: LG&E rate increase
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:09:00 AM

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

-----Original Message-----

From: Greg Westerman [REDACTED]
Sent: Friday, February 5, 2021 8:11 PM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: LG&E rate increase

Regarding #202000350

This is appalling that my bill went up consecutively from November from 172.00-234.00 to 321.00 this month in the middle of a pandemic where we are already struggling. Due to caring of my kids, I have been unemployed since last April. This is a kick in the stomach. By my math, it is over 25% what it was. This is wrong and needs to be corrected. It's too much even without considering the pandemic. Please correct this horrible rip off! Thank you.

Greg Westerman
9807 Springbark Drive
Louisville, KY 40241
[REDACTED]

Sent from my iPhone

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: RE: Proposed LGE rate increase for 2021
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:11:00 AM

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

From: PSC Consumer Web Inquiry <PSC.Consumer.Inquiry@ky.gov>
Sent: Tuesday, February 2, 2021 3:28 PM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: FW: Proposed LGE rate increase for 2021

From: Natasha Puryear <[REDACTED]>
Sent: Tuesday, February 2, 2021 2:34 PM
To: PSC Consumer Web Inquiry <PSC.Consumer.Inquiry@ky.gov>
Subject: Proposed LGE rate increase for 2021

I am against this! LGE is not the only entity proposing increases in 2021! Jefferson County property taxes have been approved for a significant increase in 2021. Gas prices at the pump are increasing already, with a proposed increase in the gas tax likely. And on it goes. Such things we citizens can't seem to do anything about even when we speak up. It's taxation without representation!

Don't you people know we are in the middle of a Pandemic?! What are low to moderate income individuals to do?! We have to live on a budget (often cutting corners or doing without things). It's time the "powers that be" start doing the same and quit asking responsible citizens to keep coming up with more funding for their agendas!

From: [Bruner, Brandon S \(PSC\)](#) on behalf of [PSC Executive Director](#)
To: [REDACTED]
Subject: RE: Rate increase
Date: Thursday, February 11, 2021 10:11:00 AM

Thank you for your comments on the application of Louisville Gas and Electric Company. Your comments in the above-referenced matter have been received and will be placed into the case file for the Commission's consideration. Please cite the case number in this matter, 2020-00350, in any further correspondence. The documents in this case are available at [View Case Filings for: 2020-00350 \(ky.gov\)](#).

Thank you for your interest in this matter.

Best Regards,

Brandon Bruner
Administrative Branch Manager
Filings Branch
General Administration

Kentucky Public Service Commission
211 Sower Blvd.
Frankfort, KY 40601

From: Tanuel Richardson [REDACTED]
Sent: Wednesday, February 3, 2021 3:10 PM
To: PSC Public Information Officer <PSC.Info@ky.gov>
Subject: Rate increase

How can you raise our LGE bill right now when it has to be the worse time in history for an increase, we have COVID-19 and people can hardly buy groceries to put on the table and illness in our midst! I am so against this greed and you probably are from another country and own our utilities in which case you do not care about older people or citizens of our beautiful crippled Country right now! If you do care you WILL NOT increase our rates and will still be able to buy food fir your family!
Lost in this mess of the USA A natural born citizen of this great country! TanuEL

*Honorable Allyson K Sturgeon
Managing Senior Counsel - Regulatory &
LG&E and KU Energy LLC
220 West Main Street
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Emily W Medlyn
General Attorney
U.S. Army Legal Services Agency Regul
9275 Gunston Road
Fort Belvoir, VIRGINIA 22060

*John Horne
Office of the Attorney General Office of Rate
700 Capitol Avenue
Suite 20
Frankfort, KENTUCKY 40601-8204

*Angela M Goad
Assistant Attorney General
Office of the Attorney General Office of Rate
700 Capitol Avenue
Suite 20
Frankfort, KENTUCKY 40601-8204

*Thomas J FitzGerald
Counsel & Director
Kentucky Resources Council, Inc.
Post Office Box 1070
Frankfort, KENTUCKY 40602

*Honorable Kurt J Boehm
Attorney at Law
Boehm, Kurtz & Lowry
36 East Seventh Street
Suite 1510
Cincinnati, OHIO 45202

*Barry Alan Naum
Spilman Thomas & Battle, PLLC
1100 Brent Creek Blvd., Suite 101
Mechanicsburg, PENNSYLVANIA 17050

*G. Houston Parrish
Labor Law Attorney
Office of the Staff Judge Advocate, B
50 3rd Avenue
Fort Knox, KENTUCKY 40121

*Honorable Kendrick R Riggs
Attorney at Law
Stoll Keenon Ogden, PLLC
2000 PNC Plaza
500 W Jefferson Street
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202-2828

*Clay A. Barkley
Strobo Barkley PLLC
239 South 5th Street
Ste 917
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Jeff Derouen
200 S. 5th St. Suite 200 N
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Larry Cook
Assistant Attorney General
Office of the Attorney General Office of Rate
700 Capitol Avenue
Suite 20
Frankfort, KENTUCKY 40601-8204

*Carrie H Grundmann
Spilman Thomas & Battle, PLLC
110 Oakwood Drive, Suite 500
Winston-Salem, NORTH CAROLINA 27103

*James W Gardner
Sturgill, Turner, Barker & Moloney, PLLC
333 West Vine Street
Suite 1400
Lexington, KENTUCKY 40507

*Lauren Givhan
200 S. 5th St. Suite 200 N
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Don C A Parker
Spilman Thomas & Battle, PLLC
1100 Brent Creek Blvd., Suite 101
Mechanicsburg, PENNSYLVANIA 17050

*Jody M Kyler Cohn
Boehm, Kurtz & Lowry
36 East Seventh Street
Suite 1510
Cincinnati, OHIO 45202

*Matt Partymiller
President
Kentucky Solar Industries Association
1038 Brentwood Court
Suite B
Lexington, KENTUCKY 40511

*Honorable David Edward Spenard
Strobo Barkley PLLC
239 South 5th Street
Ste 917
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Joe F. Childers
Childers & Baxter PLLC
300 Lexington Building, 201 West Sho
Lexington, KENTUCKY 40507

*Matthew Miller
Sierra Club
50 F Street, NW, Eighth Floor
Washington, DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA 20001

*J. Michael West
Office of the Attorney General Office of Rate
700 Capitol Avenue
Suite 20
Frankfort, KENTUCKY 40601-8204

*Louisville Gas and Electric Company
220 W. Main Street
P. O. Box 32010
Louisville, KY 40232-2010

*Honorable Michael L Kurtz
Attorney at Law
Boehm, Kurtz & Lowry
36 East Seventh Street
Suite 1510
Cincinnati, OHIO 45202

*M. Todd Osterloh
Sturgill, Turner, Barker & Moloney, PLLC
333 West Vine Street
Suite 1400
Lexington, KENTUCKY 40507

*Rick LoveKamp
Kentucky Utilities Company
220 W. Main Street
P. O. Box 32010
Louisville, KY 40202

*Honorable Robert C Moore
Attorney At Law
Stites & Harbison
421 West Main Street
P. O. Box 634
Frankfort, KENTUCKY 40602-0634

*Robert Conroy
Vice President, State Regulation and Rates
LG&E and KU Energy LLC
220 West Main Street
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Randal A. Strobo
Strobo Barkley PLLC
239 South 5th Street
Ste 917
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202

*Sara Judd
Senior Corporate Attorney
LG&E and KU Energy LLC
220 West Main Street
Louisville, KENTUCKY 40202